

# Landmarks in World History (ca. 1750–ca. 1900)

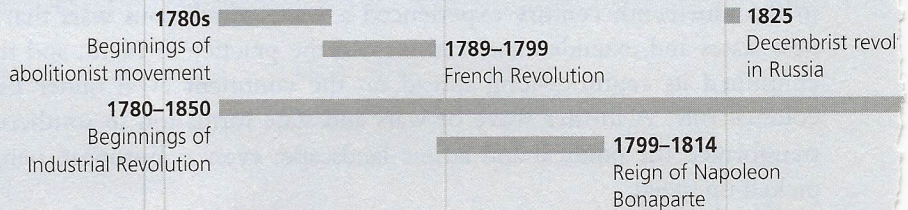
1750

1775

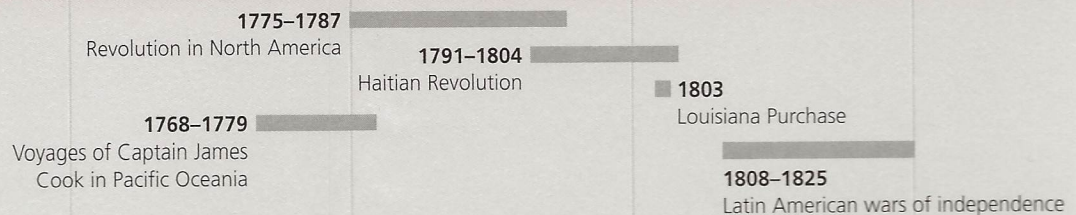
1800

1825

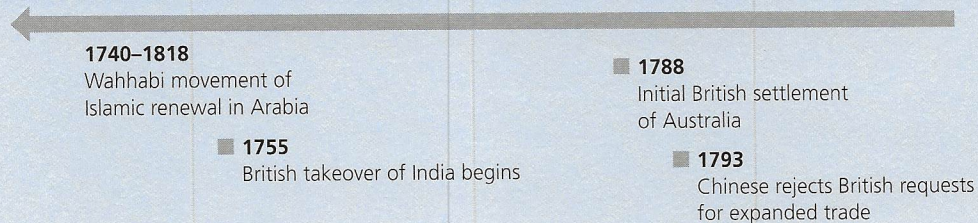
## EUROPE



## THE AMERICAS AND PACIFIC OCEANIA



## ASIA



## AFRICA





1850

1875

1900

1925

■ 1848  
Publication of *The Communist Manifesto* by Karl Marx

■ 1858  
British government assumes control of India

■ 1859–1871  
Charles Darwin presents his ideas on evolution

■ 1861  
Emancipation of serfs in Russia

■ 1870–1871  
Unification of Germany and Italy

■ 1875–1900  
European “scramble for Africa”

■ 1905  
First Russian Revolution

■ 1846–1848  
Mexican–United States War

■ 1848  
Women’s Rights Convention, Seneca Falls, New York

■ 1861–1865  
U.S. Civil War; abolition of slavery

■ 1867  
Dominion of Canada established

■ 1870–1899  
Colonial annexation of Pacific islands

After 1865  
Rapid industrialization in United States

■ 1886–1888  
Cuba and Brazil abolish slavery

■ 1898–1902  
Spanish–American War

■ 1838–1842  
First Opium War in China

■ 1868  
Meiji Restoration in Japan

■ 1894–1895  
Japanese war against China

■ 1869  
Opening of Suez Canal

■ 1839–1876  
Tanzimat reforms in Ottoman Empire

■ 1898–1901  
Boxer Uprising

■ 1850–1864  
Taiping Uprising in China

■ 1857–1858  
Indian Rebellion

■ 1858–1893  
French conquest of Indochina

■ 1904–1905  
Russo–Japanese War

■ 1911–1912  
Collapse of imperial China

■ 1847  
Liberia established by American freed slaves

■ 1850s  
High point of East African slave trade

■ 1896  
Battle of Adowa; Ethiopia defeats Italian forces

■ 1882–1898  
Samori Toure’s resistance to French aggression in West Africa

■ 1875–1914  
European colonial conquest of Africa

■ 1899–1902  
Boer War in South Africa